# From skins to bins

At sites in three countries, Boeing Fabrication employees make jetliner parts—by the millions

### **By Kathrine Beck**

op the lid off a model-airplane kit and you'll find a box full of tiny, seemingly unrelated parts. But as any dedicated hobbyist knows, somehow—if you do it right—those disparate bits and pieces come together to form an airplane

Now imagine the box held parts for the wings, fuselage, interiors and tail sections of a full-sized 787 Dreamliner, 777 passenger and freighter airplanes, the Next-Generation 737, the 767 and new models of the 747. Needless to say, the box would have to be enormous to hold everything from stowage bins to wiring to wing skins to panels. And the number of parts would boggle the mind.

That's the scope of work performed by Boeing Fabrication at 10 sites in three countries. "If you like creating things, Fabrication is a very rewarding place to work, because we build a lot of products," said Ross R. Bogue, vice president and general manager of Boeing Fabrication.

"A lot" understates just what the more than 13,800 employees of Fabrication build. They make millions of parts, assemblies and kits every year that are delivered to Commercial Airplanes factories in Renton and Everett, Wash., and North Charleston, S.C., or to Commercial Aviation Services, which operates a worldwide Spares organization.

This vast array of offerings, which includes advanced primary and secondary composite structures, precision-machined metal parts, interior parts and the complex wire bundles that form an airplane's electrical system, is a source of pride for those who work at Fabrication.

"Just coming to work and driving by the factory and seeing the airplanes, I feel a part of the team and like I'm contributing to the main objective," said Jessica Sandman of Engineering Tech Support, 787-9, at the Boeing Fabrication Interiors Responsibility Center in Everett.

Boeing Fabrication has several strategic roles.

Emergent support - making sure parts are available when needed to avoid production delays—is one vital element.

"They come in with a 3-D model or a drawing or even a sketch," explained machinist Dave Hedstrom. "And they say, 'I need this part right now. The faster you can get it to me, the happier I will be."

The quick turnaround could be necessary because of a design modification, a parts shortage or a replacement for a damaged part.

Emergent support can be crucial to an airplane program.

"When we designed the first 777 Freighters, we had a lot of parts, and many of them were not yet sourced into the supply chain. And for some that were, suppliers couldn't meet lead time," said Larry Loftis, vice president and general manager of the 777 Program. "Fabrication came to our rescue and in a short period of time built thousands of parts for us. We would never have been able to get out the first five airplanes without Fabrication's emergent support."

That kind of help is in addition to the steady stream of parts that are routinely

# PHOTO: Larry Wilkens, bend machin operator, works on a duct for the 777.

## Boeing Fabrication at a glance

### Auburn, Wash.

About 4,500 employees\* Airplane component manufacturing including emergent support work, or making sure parts are available when needed to avoid production line delays or shutdowns

### Everett, Wash.

About 2,760 employees Electrical Systems Responsibility Center; Interiors Responsibility Center

### derickson site, Puyallup, Wash.

About 1,830 employees Composite Manufacturing Center; skin and spar work

### **Boeing Portland, Oregon**

About 1,450 employees Titanium, steel, aluminum, stainless steel machined parts; gear systems; and engine mounts, gearboxes, landing gear beams, flap tracks, carriages, flap support mechanisms and flight control systems

### **Boeing Winnipeg, Canada**

About 1,380 employees Composite structures and subassemblies, specializing in wing-to-body fairings. engine strut fairings and other complex composite parts

### **Boeing Aerostructures Australia**

About 1,120 employees at two sites A range of products including the moving trailing edge for 787; the movable leading edge for 747; and elevators, rudders and empennage panels for 777

### **Advanced Developmental** Composites, Seattle

About 480 employees Primarily focused on development work for Commercial Airplanes

### **Boeing Salt Lake City, Utah**

About 475 employees Fabrication and assembly of a variety of aerospace production parts and kits for all Commercial Airplanes programs as well as Spares.

### **Boeing Helena, Montana**

About 135 employees Hard metal machining on structures for the 747-8, 767 and 787

About 30 employees Emergent Operations: Interiors Responsibility Center (both are under construction)

\*Employment numbers as of January 2011





Keeping Boeing competitive has long been Fabrication's role. When the 777 program was pioneering use of large composite parts—technology later used on a much larger scale on the 787 - Fabrication got the call.

"They were with us every step of way," Loftis said. Just as Boeing Fabrication is today, supplying vital, high-quality parts for development programs, emergent needs, spares and airplane production across Commercial Airplanes.

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PHOTOS: (Right) Sandra Tugade, plastic technician, sands and fills the main landing gear door of the 787 just prior to painting at Boeing Winnipeg in Canada. ASSOCIATED PRESS (Insets, from left) Diane Herd, contour tape-laying machine operator, kits 777 ribs; Robert Nantz, a shop-floor mechanic in Salt Lake City, completes work on a 767 forward instrument panel; and Don Hall, assembly mechanic, performs seal work on a vertical fin. BOB FERGUSON/BOEING







